

EXPLORING ACADEMIC ADJUSTMENT AND ACCULTURATION OF INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS STUDYING HIGHER DEGREE BY RESEARCH PROGRAMS AT AUSTRALIAN UNIVERSITIES

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Introduction

- Higher Degree by Research (HDR) programs: international students (IS) to gain research skills.
- Developing countries, look upon Australia Universities (AUs) as reputable providers of quality higher education programs (Yang, 2018).
- There has been an enormous growth of IS enrolling at AUs in the last two decades (Bentley & Meek, 2018).
- But also higher rates of attrition have been reported (Department of Education, 2019).
- Increased attrition adversely impacts international HDR students and the AUs (Clark et al., 2020).
- Past research has suggested that commencing international HDR students' academic adjustment abilities are the most powerful predictor of student attrition (Hassel & Ridout, 2018).
- Upon arrival, IS adjust to a new culture involving varying instances of cultural learning, maintenance, and synthesis (Berry, 2017).

Terminology

- Academic adjustment refers to the processes around managing the challenges that allow students to develop skills successfully (Anderson, 2016).
- The differences between IS' home culture and the new culture, may have a great impact in adjusting to a host environment (Fung et al., 2017).
- Berry (2006) referred to **acculturation** as the cultural adjustments that an individual or cultural group endures within a new environment.

Research Questions

- 1. What are international HDR students' experiences of acculturation and academic adjustment?
- 2. What relationships exist between academic adjustment and acculturation experienced by international HDR students from diverse ethnic backgrounds?
- 3. How has the COVID-19 pandemic impacted on the academic adjustment and acculturation experienced by international HDR students?

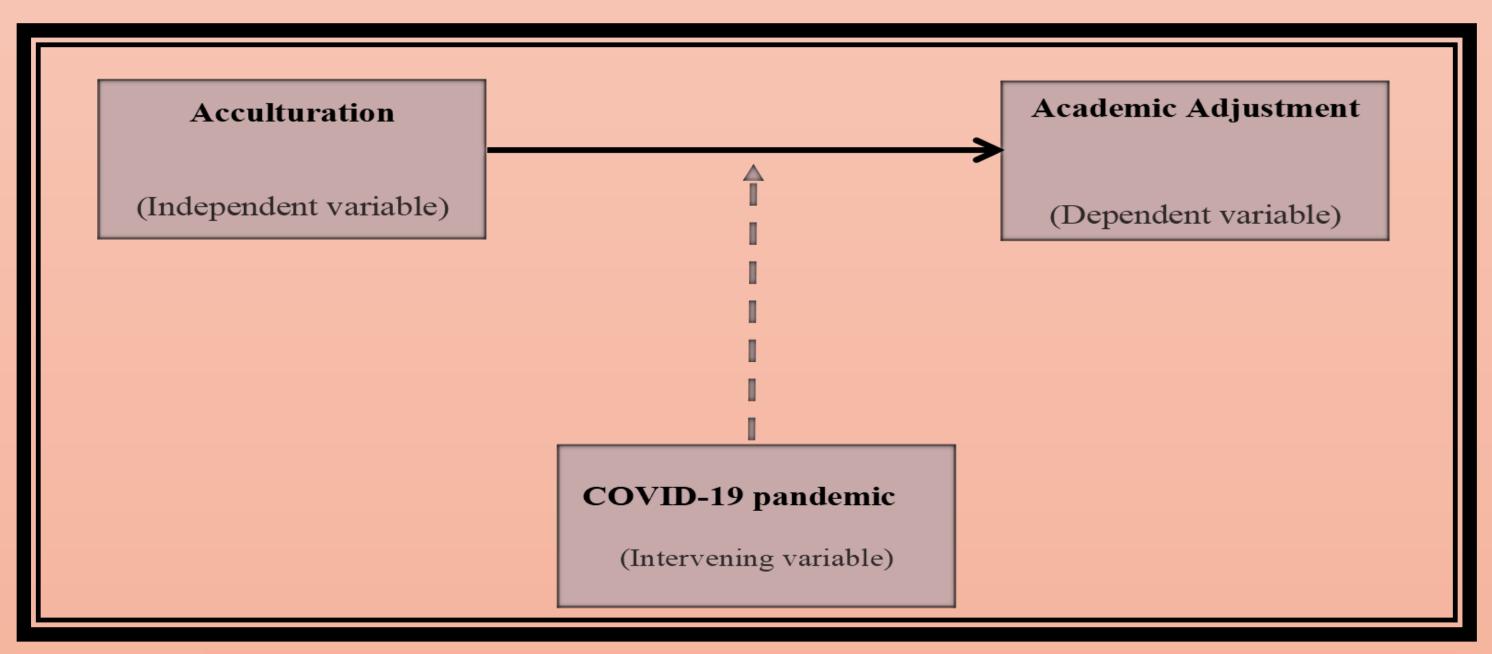


Figure 1: Conceptual framework

Methodology

•an explanatory sequential mixed methods design (Creswell & Plano Clark, 2018)

Methods

Phase 1 – survey

Academic adjustment scale (Anderson et al., 2016)

- to measure how well the students manages to meet the academic demands at the AUs. Acculturation scale (Kuo et al., 2013)
- measures four dimensions of acculturation outlined by Berry (2017): assimilation, separation, integration, and marginalization.

The COVID-19 scale (Super & Van Disseldorp, 2020)

measure how students evaluate the measures taken by the university in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Phase 2 – semi-structured interview

Following the online survey, an interview plan containing open-ended questions will be used to further assess participants' experiences.

Research project setting

- This research will be conducted at the University of Tasmania and will involve international HDR participants enrolled in any other public universities across Australia.
- The pilot test of this study will be carried out at University of Tasmania.

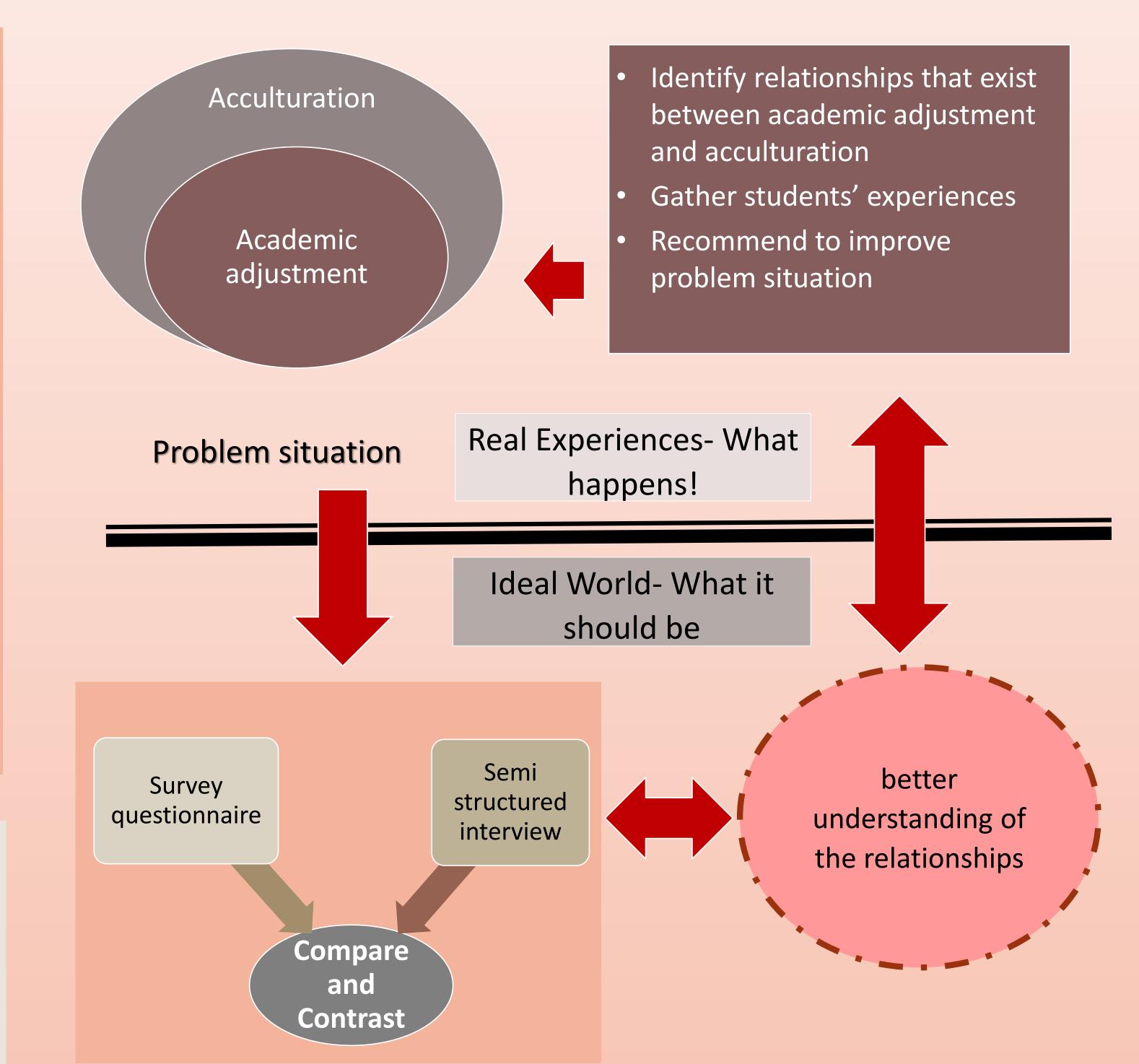


Figure 2: Method with approach

Findings

- contribute to new knowledge that will help to inform policies and practices that can help to re-attract international doctoral students when borders are open.
- gain a better understanding of the relationship between adjustment and acculturation for international HDR students.
- will help mitigate the rate of noncompletion and late submission of doctoral candidates and the related high financial and reputational costs.

Anticipated Research Challenges:

• For survey and interview sessions, the study didn't have the opportunity to meet students face to face.

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